REDESIGN OF SECONDARY EXHAUST DUCT FOR

OVERCOMING FLOODING WATER ON FARMING ROADS IN

SIDOWAREK VILLAGE, NGORO DISTRICT, JOMBANG DISTRICT

AND COST BUDGET PLAN (RAB)

Name: Bakhtiar Fanani

NIM: 162322201006

ABSTRACT

Flooding is a natural disaster phenomenon that is related to the amount

of damage to life and materials. The small capacity of the channel and the large

amount of sediment in the drainage channel causes flooding. Based on data,

flooding occurred in several drainage channels on Jalan Sidowarek Village, Ngoro

District, Jombang Regency.

The evaluation carried out was in the form of an analysis of the

discharge of each waste channel throughout the study area. In this research, rain

plays an important role in the evaluation and planning of drainage channels. The

required data is rainfall data, land use and topographic data. Redesign is an

alternative form of development carried out to overcome waterlogging.

The analysis was carried out to determine the amount of flood discharge

as a planned discharge, to find out the condition of the existing drainage system

in areas that have the potential to experience waterlogging. The results of the

analysis produce benefits as a form of scientific study that discusses drainage

channels on rural roads, and can be used as a budget value consideration. costs

and can be used as reference material for further sewerage plans related to this

problem. To create buildings that are economical in terms of financing, so that

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local residents are always aware of protecting the environment and minimizing the occurrence of standing water.

Keywords: Channels, Sewer Channel Planning, RAB.

